

### **TERMS OF REFERENCE**

Job title:	National Consultant to support the in-depth assessment of the official Crime and Justice Statistics of the Republic of Moldova	
Duty station:	Chisinau, Moldova	
Reference to the project:	"Strengthening Efficiency and Access to Justice in Moldova" Project	
Contract type:	Individual Contract (IC)	
Expected duration of the assignment:	July – December 2021 (up to 45 working days)	
Starting date:	July 2021	

# I. Background

The UNDP project "Strengthening Efficiency and Access to Justice in Moldova" (A2J) is a multiyear institutional development project designed to contribute to an increased efficiency of justice services and to improved access to justice of men and women in Moldova, in particular from vulnerable and marginalized groups, through enhanced capacities of forensic institutions to provide qualitative justice services, strengthened capacities of the justice sector actors in the selected pilot areas to provide coordinated response to men's and women's justice needs and strengthened civil society able to claim the respect of rights and engage in a constructive dialogue with the justice chain actors. Project interventions will offer and encourage equal opportunity for the participation of men and women.

Although important efforts have been deployed during the last years to improve the efficiency, transparency, fairness, and accessibility of the justice sector<sup>1</sup>, the justice system still fails to deliver at the level of users' expectations. Even though justice reform is ranked the fourth in importance by citizens (after healthcare, pension, and education reforms), results matching this expectation are not achieved yet. In Moldova, the court performance is perceived to be poor, 76% of court users expressing negative views, while most respondents tended to state that there have been no changes on the ground during 2015-2017<sup>2</sup>.

According to the World Bank's 2017 Surveys of Court Users<sup>3</sup>, the respondents broadly feel that an ordinary citizen is unlikely to get a fair trial (more than 62% share this opinion). Citizens state that rights of disabled persons and of those who have lower income are least observed in the justice system. Access to justice for vulnerable groups remains a key concern. Access constraints for vulnerable groups and a lower mobility of the rural population, combined with longer distances to travel and poor transport network have raised concerns about the impact

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Introduction of a redesigned legal aid system, optimization of court map, implementation of Integrated Case Management System (ICMS), audio recording of court proceedings, reform of prosecution service, etc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> World Bank, Moldova - Improving Access to Justice: From Resources to Results. A Justice Sector Public Expenditure and Institutional Review (Report No. 124516-MD), 2018,

http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/683491537501435060/pdf/Moldova-JSPEIREnglish-Version-Sep-13-2018.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Association Implementation Report on Moldova (03 April 2018), https://cdn4eeas.fpfis.tech.ec.europa.eu/cdn/farfuture/Bsw7bS5h390fCujCmGRX1jA5BgDcARl6Z\_E\_fG86JZA/mtime:1522915732/sites/eeas/files/association\_implementation\_report\_on\_moldova.pdf

of the planned court consolidation on access to justice services<sup>4</sup>. This becomes particularly relevant for women and girls<sup>5</sup> and people with disabilities<sup>6</sup>.

According to World Bank data<sup>7</sup>, low-income groups have lower awareness about the functioning of the court system compared to higher-income groups, and state that the judicial system is least accessible in terms of cost and information. Only 1 in 10 citizens are satisfied with the efficiency of courts, prosecutors, and bailiffs, while unreasonably long proceedings and lack of thoroughness of proceedings are major citizens' concerns. On the access to court services, respondents said more attention should be paid to making information on cases and court decisions available to the public and making complaint-filing procedures simpler and clearer. Less than half of the respondents reported being able to find the court decision they need. 57% of citizens are not aware of court reforms, while those who are aware, complain about insufficient information.

Therefore, despite the ongoing reforms, little progress is felt at the local level by citizens, and the coherent coordination mechanisms among law enforcement, security, and justice institutions for effective administration of justice seem to be lacking at both national and local levels. Men and women, particularly from marginalized or minority groups, are not able to claim their rights and access justice effectively<sup>8</sup>.

According to the results of the Barometer of Public Opinion, the justice system in the Republic of Moldova faces a low level of public trust, with only 19,1% of respondents (19,5% men / 18,6% women) trusting the system as per the data available in February 2021<sup>9</sup>.

Monitoring the policies, both at national and local levels, remains a main task of the Moldovan Government's agenda. The demand for quality data for evidence-based policy and decision-making continues to grow. Evidence-based policymaking can only be successful if it is based on a reality which is described by quality statistics. In addition, good evidence-based policies responding to the financial crisis require a good basis of statistical data as well as the appropriate literacy on using those data.

High-quality statistics are necessary for formulating realistic strategies and policies, setting targets, measuring, and managing results, monitoring outcomes, and for making evidence-based decisions about allocation and management of scarce resources. This is true for the justice sector, where sound decisions and actions require high-quality statistics. Accurate and up-to-date statistics and information provide a better understanding of policy impacts.<sup>10</sup> Criminal justice statistics assist in policy analysis within criminal justice systems and as part of

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<sup>4</sup> Idem

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A 2011 UN study found that 63% of women had experienced psychological, sexual or physical violence from their husband or partner. Rural, elderly, separated or divorced women are at higher risk of experiencing violence. According to 2017 statistics, 89% of family related crimes registered by Police10 refers to domestic violence, 80% of victims of domestic violence are women, while 90% of aggressors are men (http://www.politia.md/sites/default/files/ni\_violenta\_in\_familie\_12\_luni\_2017.pdf).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In February 2016, the UN Special Rapporteur stated that "persons with disabilities are often denied procedural accommodation in court, while the accessibility of court buildings and services themselves remains a serious challenge" in Moldova.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> World Bank, Moldova - Improving Access to Justice: From resources to Results. A Justice Sector Public Expenditure and Institutional Review (Report No. 124516-MD), 2018, <a href="http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/683491537501435060/pdf/Moldova-JSPEIREnglish-Version-Sep-13-2018.pdf">http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/683491537501435060/pdf/Moldova-JSPEIREnglish-Version-Sep-13-2018.pdf</a>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Report of the Regional UNDP Rule of Law, Justice, Security and Human Rights Mission to Moldova (October 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Barometer of Public Opinion, October 2020February 2021 https://ipp.md/2021-02/barometrul-opiniei-publice-februarie-2021/

World Bank, Moldova - Improving Access to Justice: From Resources to Results. A Justice Sector Public Expenditure and Institutional Review (Report No. 124516-MD), 2018, <a href="http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/683491537501435060/pdf/MoldovaJSPEIR-English-Version-Sep-13-2018.pdf">http://documents.worldbank.org/curated/en/683491537501435060/pdf/MoldovaJSPEIR-English-Version-Sep-13-2018.pdf</a>

other social and global policy formulation and planning. Finally, good criminal justice statistics are essential for understanding and trying to shape the social development of communities.

In the context of the Association Agreement between the Republic of Moldova and the European Union (under Title IV, chapter 6 Statistics), the national statistical system should respect the UN Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics<sup>11</sup>, taking into account the acquis in statistics, including the European Statistics Code of Practice<sup>12</sup>, in order to align the national statistical system with the European norms and standards (Article 41).

The A2J Project seeks to address the crime and justice statistics<sup>13</sup> through an assessment of the gaps in relation to compliance of the Moldovan statistics to the European and UNODC standards in the relevant statistical areas. The identified gaps and recommendations aim to strengthen the capabilities of the NBS and other data producers for effective approximation to EU norms and UNODC standards.

According to the latest survey on user satisfaction with available statistics<sup>14</sup>, statistical information from the justice sector is most frequently used for the purpose of overall informing by the local public administration, followed by international organizations and mass-media. According to the same survey, the CSOs underlined the insufficient level of disaggregation for the justice statistics, this type of statistics being the most used for professional purposes by the CSOs, LPAs, think-tanks, and researchers.

Moreover, when considering the weaknesses related to the justice statistics, the data users noted<sup>15</sup> the lack of promptness of data dissemination and lack of methodological explanations, as well as the low level of trust in these statistics.

The Moldovan official statistics in the field of crime and justice (mainly based on official, aggregate figures from administrative sources) provides data which seem to be reasonably accurate and relevant to the needs of national users, but which may not be necessarily internationally comparable because of certain factors. Among them there are the methodological differences which might exists conditioned by the national needs and specific features, as well as different mandates of the institutions which produce data for a specific purpose, weak institutional memory, or lack of metadata repository of the definitions, methodologies and tracking of changes made over time. All these affect the completeness, relevancy, and coherence at the national level.

Moreover, the lack of a national classification of crimes transposing an international standard, in particular the International Classification of Crime for Statistical Purposes (ICCS), is the core impediment in ensuring the international comparability of Moldova's crime and justice statistics. It is important to identify and gradually resolve these problems by exploring various approaches, harmonization with the existing standards in the field and learning from EU member countries' experience.

<sup>11</sup> https://unstats.un.org/unsd/dnss/gp/fundprinciples.aspx

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/quality/european-statistics-code-of-practice

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> For the scope of the assignment crime and justice statistics will include crime, criminal justice, civil justice and contraventions statistics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Survey regarding statistical data and information users level of satisfaction with the existing sources of information elaborated for: Support to confidence building measures, United Nations Development Programme, by S.C. Magenta Consulting S.R.L., June 2016,

https://statistica.gov.md/public/files/despre/evaluare\_opinii/Evaluare\_Magenta\_Consulting/Magenta\_Consulting\_\_ Data\_users\_satisfaction\_survey\_raport\_eng.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Sondaj de opinie privind gradul de satisfacere a utilizatorilor cu date statistice ale BNS, Centrul de Investigații Sociologice și Marketing "CBS-AXA", 2013,

https://statistica.gov.md/public/files/despre/evaluare\_opinii/CBS\_Axa\_2013/Rezultate\_sondaj\_2013.pdf

Crime and justice statistics<sup>16</sup> disseminated by NBS refer to data on the level of crime in the country (offenses and perpetrators), including juvenile delinquency, convicted and detained persons, road accidents and the justice system (cases brought to the courts and legal professionals). NBS disseminates a concise list of crime and justice statistical indicators through its web-site<sup>17</sup>, databank Statbank<sup>18</sup>, periodic releases or other modalities.

To ensure the production and dissemination of crime and justice statistics, the National Bureau of Statistics collects only the data on administrative contraventions, while the other field-related data are received, according to the annual Statistical Work Programmes approved by the Government<sup>19</sup>, in aggregated format, from the holders of administrative data registers, such as: Ministry of Internal Affairs and subordinate authorities such as the Information Technology Service, General Police Inspectorate, Ministry of Justice and its subordinate authorities such as Court Administration Agency, National Administration of Penitentiaries. An in-depth evaluation of the statistical capacity available in the country should be conducted with the full cooperation of the data producers and users, which will provide a detailed assessment of the system's strengths and weaknesses in the selected areas of concern. The resulting conclusions should also suggest where and what kind of improvements are most needed.

In this regard, UNDP is seeking to hire a National Consultant to offer support to the International Consultant engaged within the A2J Project to conduct an in-depth assessment of the official Crime and Justice Statistics of the Republic of Moldova and its adherence to the EU Statistical Requirements Compendium and United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime standards.

### II. Scope of work and expected outputs

The expected output for the National Consultant's assignment is to support the UNDP International Consultant<sup>20</sup> by providing substantive and administrative support, in the process of carrying out the assessment of compliance of crime and justice statistics area in line with the international standards in the field, in particular of the Manual for the Development of a system of Criminal Justice Statistics<sup>21</sup> developed by the UN as a general framework for the development of a national system of crime and justice statistics.

The Consultant is also expected to contribute alongside the UNDP International Consultant in designing a Roadmap of actions and measures necessary to further comply with the above listed and other standards belonging to the <u>United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime</u><sup>22</sup>, as well as to approximate to <u>EU Statistical Requirements Compendium</u><sup>23</sup>.

The assignment will be conducted in close cooperation with the National Bureau of Statistics of the Republic of Moldova (NBS) and main data providers, building on the previous and ongoing activities undertaken by NBS, and closely observing the provisions of the Law on Official Statistics<sup>24</sup>, Annual Statistical Work Programme<sup>25</sup>, Statistical Strategy, RM-EU Association

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> For the scope of the assignment crime and justice statistics will include crime, criminal justice, civil justice and contraventions statistics

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> www.statistica.gov.md

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> www.statbank.statistica.md

<sup>19</sup> https://statistica.gov.md/pageview.php?l=ro&idc=323&

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> International consultant to conduct in-depth assessment of the official Crime and Justice Statistics of the Republic of Moldova and its adherence to the EU Statistical Requirements Compendium and United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime standards

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> https://unstats.un.org/unsd/publication/SeriesF/SeriesF\_89e.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> https://www.unodc.org/unodc/en/data-and-analysis/crime-and-criminal-justice.html

<sup>23</sup> https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/products-manuals-and-guidelines/-/ks-gq-21-006

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> https://www.legis.md/cautare/getResults?doc\_id=105689&lang=ro

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> https://statistica.gov.md/pageview.php?l=ro&idc=323&

Agreement (title IV, chapter 6, art. 41-46)<sup>26</sup> and other national and sector policy and regulatory documents and in compliance with international standards in statistics and relevant best practices of other countries.

In order to achieve the stated objective, the Consultant will have the following responsibilities:

- Prepare an Inception Report containing the description of the scope of inputs and support to be provided and workplan for the accomplishment of the current assignment. The Inception Report shall be coordinated with the UNDP International Consultant as to ensure the interconnection of the two assignments;
- 2. Provide substantive inputs to the UNDP International Consultant in the process of **desk review** of the national regulatory framework covering the assessed area and **facilitation of the consultation process** (including both meetings related to the assessment and survey below described as well as consultations organised throughout the assignment to validate findings and recommendations):
  - 2.1 Identify and submit to the international Consultant the list and copies of the relevant national legal framework, existing guidelines/manuals and reports detailing current practices and methodologies on national statistics;
  - 2.2 Provide translation of short excerpts from the national regulatory framework covering the assessed area;
  - 2.3 Draft list of relevant key stakeholders (state institutions and CSOs, etc) to be engaged in the consultation process, including facilitate organisation and conduct the meetings, focus-groups and/or in-depth interviews with relevant counterparts and stakeholders with regard to the topics of the statistical fields covered by the current assignment and that of the UNDP International Consultant. The consultation process will also include in its the scope identifying potential gaps in relation to users' needs as well as users' views and feedback to the data producers in relation to strengthening the statistical outputs and make them more easily available, with the bellow listed stakeholders, but not limited to:
    - National Bureau of Statistics: top management, head and staff of concerned division of the NBS;
    - Central public authorities and other relevant entities related to crime and justice sector (justice chain) which collect and provide data for official statistics disseminated by NBS or which are using data for their institutional purposes:
      - crime statistics General Prosecutor's Office, Ministry of Internal Affairs and subordinate authorities such as the Information Technology Service, General Police Inspectorate;
      - justice statistics Ministry of Justice and its subordinate authorities such as the National Administration of Penitentiaries and the Court Administration Agency, Superior Council of Magistracy, Supreme Court of Justice, Courts of Appeal and first instance Courts, National Legal Aid Council, and any other institutions identified in close consultation with NBS);
    - Civil Society Organizations acting as watchdogs in the justice sector area;
    - Other stakeholders identified at the desk review and methodology preparation phases, mainly as users of crime and justice statistics.
- 3. Provide analytical and administrative support in the process of conducting the independent assessment for individual stakeholders which are producers and users of crime and justice statistics via application of self-assessment tools as well as the survey designed to identify the strengths and weaknesses of the inputs, processes, outputs and outcomes of the crime and justice statistics. The National Consultant shall also contribute to development of the Outline of the results of the consultation meetings and interviews, preliminary findings of the self-assessment and survey of data

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> https://www.legis.md/cautare/getResults?doc\_id=83489&lang=ro

providers/producers and data users. In this regard the following tasks shall be carried out, but not limited to:

- 3.1 Provide inputs in drafting the questionnaires to be used in conducting the assessment of the current statistics reporting practices;
- 3.2 Facilitate the process of conducting the independent assessment and dissemination of the survey tools, as well as collecting data;
- 3.3 Contribute to the analysis of the collected information and provide substantive inputs in the context of development of the Outline of the results of the consultation meetings and interviews, preliminary findings of the self-assessment and survey of data providers/producers and data users;
- 3.4 Provide support to the UNDP International Consultant in organizing and facilitating participatory workshops to present and validate the findings included in the Outline of the results of the consultation.
- 4. Based on the findings of the assessment, provide support to the UNDP International Consultant in shaping the recommendations and advise aiming to align the national crime and justice statistics to the international standards;
- 5. Provide substantive support to the UNDP International Consultant in the process of developing the Report on the Comprehensive Assessment of the crime and justice statistics addressing the current status and the degree of their harmonization/conformity with the UN and EU standards and methodologies and identifying the gaps and the weaknesses per each statistical subdomain, and the crime and justice statistics domain as a whole. The support shall include, but is not limited to:
  - Provide necessary references and legal grounds to substantiate the findings of the comprehensive assessment;
  - Provide necessary references and legal grounds to substantiate the recommendations and solutions targeted at addressing the weakness, gaps and issues identified as part of the assessment;
  - Provide support to proof reading of the Report on the Comprehensive Assessment, as to ensure compliance with the specialised language and national regulatory framework covering the assessed area;
  - Support organisation and facilitate discussions and consultations with the relevant stakeholders, when necessary, in relation to validating and or clearing the findings and recommendation in the Report.
- 6. Provide substantive support to the UNDP International Consultant in the process of developing the Roadmap containing specific solutions/actions for further approximation to UN (including UNODC) standards and EU statistical standards, through provision of necessary references and legal grounds to substantiate the findings and ensure compliance with the national context and regulatory framework;
- 7. Provide upon necessity ad-hoc translation of legislative documents relevant for the activity of the UNDP International Consultant as well as interpretation during meeting and interviews, as well as coordinate with the A2J Project Team engagement of any such specialised services;
- 8. Provide throughout the assignment administrative support related to organisation and conduct of meetings, interviews, survey, validation workshops, presentations with the stakeholders, including other support necessary for preparation of the UNDP International Consultant missions to the Republic of Moldova.

#### III. Deliverables and Timeframe

	Key deliverables:	Tentative timeframe/deadline
1.	Inception Report containing description of the scope of inputs and support to be provided and workplan for the accomplishment of the current assignment developed and submitted for clearance	By 22 July 2021
2.	Substantive inputs to the UNDP International Consultant during the desk review of the national regulatory framework covering the assessed area and facilitation of the consultation process provided through tasks described at point 2 in Section II of the TOR	By 12 August 2021
3.	Analytical and administrative support to the UNDP International Consultant in the process of conducting the independent assessment for individual stakeholders and survey designed to identify the strengths and weaknesses, as well as reporting upon findings of these, provided through tasks described at point 3 in Section II of the TOR	By 8 October 2021
4.	Substantive inputs to the UNDP International Consultant in the context of developing the Report described at point 5 in Section II of the TOR provided through tasks described therein	
5.	Substantive support to the UNDP International Consultant in the process of developing the Roadmap containing specific solutions/actions for further approximation to UN (including UNODC) standards and EU statistical standards provided through tasks described at point 6 in Section II of the TOR	By 26 November 2021
6.	Ad-hoc translation of legislative documents relevant for the activity of the UNDP International Consultant as well as interpretation during meeting and interviews, as well as coordination with the A2J Project Team engagement of any such specialised services ensured	Throughout the duration of the
7.	Administrative support related to organisation and conduct of meetings, interviews, survey, validation workshops, presentations with the stakeholders, including other support necessary for preparation of the UNDP International Consultant missions to the Republic of Moldova provided	assignment

# IV. Institutional arrangements

The timeframe for the work of the National Consultant is tentatively planned through July – December 2021.

The National Consultant will work under the guidance of the UNDP Project Manager and delegated NBS representative for substantive aspects of the assignment and under the direct supervision of the UNDP Project Officer for administrative aspects.

The National Consultant is expected to cooperate closely with the management and delegated staffers from the National Bureau of Statistics. The Consultant shall also engage with Ministry of Internal Affairs and subordinate authorities such as the Information Technology Service, General Police Inspectorate, Ministry of Justice and its subordinate authorities such as Court Administration Agency, National Administration of Penitentiaries, Superior Council of Magistracy, Supreme Court of Justice, Courts of Appeal and first instance Courts, National

Legal Aid Council, General Prosecutor's Office, and any other institutions identified in close consultation with NBS.

### Language:

All communications and documentation related to the assignment will be in English and Romanian. Before submission of the deliverables, the Consultant will discuss the draft documents with the parties involved (i.e., NBS, UNDP and other stakeholders) so that final products reflect their comments.

## COVID-19 implications:

The selected National Consultant shall abide by the latest recommendations of WHO and National Commission for Emergency Situations of the Republic of Moldova pertaining to safety measures in the COVID-19 context.

Due to limited possibilities to travel to or within the country the National Consultant should develop a methodology to conduct the assignment virtually and remotely, using teleconferencing equipment and tools, including the use of remote interview methods and extended desk reviews, data analysis, surveys, and evaluation questionnaires.

While preparing and undertaking interviews, meetings, presentations, and briefings through telephone or online (skype, zoom etc.) the National Consultant shall work remotely in close coordination with the Project team. Hence, no stakeholders, Consultant or UNDP staff should be put in harm's way and safety is the key priority.

Should the circumstances allow conduct of workshops/meetings with physical presence of participants, the Consultant shall abide by the safety rules and regulations set by the Moldovan authorities regarding gatherings/meetings at that particular time, ensuring the safety of its staff and those they shall interact with.

## V. FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS

Payment will be disbursed in four instalments upon submission and approval of deliverables by the A2J Project and certification by the Project Manager that the services have been satisfactorily performed.

## Financial proposal:

#### Lump sum contract

The financial proposal shall specify a total lump sum amount, and payment terms around specific and measurable (qualitative and quantitative) deliverables. Payment will be made upon the successful completion of the tasks assigned and submission of the assessment report. Payments are based upon output, i.e., upon delivery of the services specified in the TOR. In order to assist the requesting unit in the comparison of financial proposals the financial proposal shall include a breakdown of this lump sum amount (including fee, taxes, communication costs, per diems, and number of anticipated working days).

## VI. Qualifications and skills required

#### I. Academic Qualifications:

• Master's degree or equivalent (5-year university degree) in statistics, economics,

accounting, law and/or other science related to areas relevant for the assignment;

#### II. Years of experience:

- At least 5 years of relevant professional experience (expertise, executing function, consultancy, advising, etc.) in or related to statistical activity (preferably official/Government statistics system);
- Proven experience (at least 3 assignments, undertaking or participation) in assessments, evaluations and/or reviews preferable in the statistical area/s relevant to the present assignment (methodologies for calculation of statistical indicators, designing of questionnaires, classifications and business registers, assessments, evaluations, reviews, thematic analysis, legislation adjustments, etc). Confirming documents will be mandatory provided.
- Working experience with senior officials within government, development partners and nongovernment organizations will be an asset;
- Proven previous experience in working with UN agencies & EU organizations will be an asset

## III. Competencies:

- In-depth knowledge and understanding of the UN, UNODC, EU standards in the field of crime and justice statistics;
- Excellent knowledge of the peculiarities (notions, concepts, legal and regulatory framework, European standards, best practices, etc.) of statistical sector as a whole, and the areas of justice sector statistics in particular;
- Strong understanding of quality issues in a national statistics system and methodological/technical knowledge on how to assess and address them;
- Ability to analyse, plan, communicate effectively orally and in writing, draft reports, solve problems, organize and meet expected results, adapt to different environments (cultural, economic, political and social);
- Excellent written and spoken Romanian and English. Knowledge of Russian is an asset:
- Proven commitment to the core values of the United Nations, in particular, respecting
  differences of culture, gender, religion, ethnicity, nationality, language, age, HIV
  status, disability, and sexual orientation, or other status. Please mention in CV if you
  belong to the group(s) under-represented in the UN Moldova and/or the area of
  assignment.

UNDP Moldova is committed to workforce diversity. Women, persons with disabilities, Roma and other ethnic or religious minorities, persons living with HIV, as well as refugees and other non-citizens legally entitled to work in the Republic of Moldova, are particularly encouraged to apply.